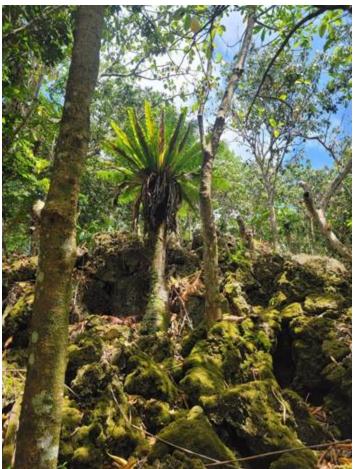
## **Guam Habitat Conservation Plan (Guam HCP)**















Else Demeulenaere, Caley Chargualaf Jay Gutierrez, Jeff Quitugua Lily Sweikert, Lydia Dadd





# **Endangered Species Act**



- 23 new Endangered Species Act (ESA)-listed species in Mariana Islands in 2015
- Listed species on Guam:
  - 14 plants
  - Mariana eight-spot butterfly
  - Slevin's skink (Cocos Island, SW coast)
  - Guam tree snail
  - Fragile tree snail
  - Fadang Cycad



PC: Tom Schils



PC: Curt Fiedler



PC: Scott Vogt



# **Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act**



- For non-Federal activities, an Incidental Take
   Permit (ITP) under Section 10 of the ESA is required if a project will take ESA-listed species
- "Take" is killing and harming endangered species = illegal
- To obtain an ITP, a Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) must be prepared:
  - An HCP is a document that describes activities, species, impacts, and conservation
  - HCPs must fully offset impacts (take) of covered species



# **Covered Species**







# **Basic Building Blocks Guam HCP**

#### **Guam HCP (Programmatic)**

Permit area = all non-federal land on Guam

ITP covers the whole permit area

Permit term = 30 years

Covered activities in Guam HCP include new public and private development projects; maintenance and operations activities by utilities, GovGuam agencies

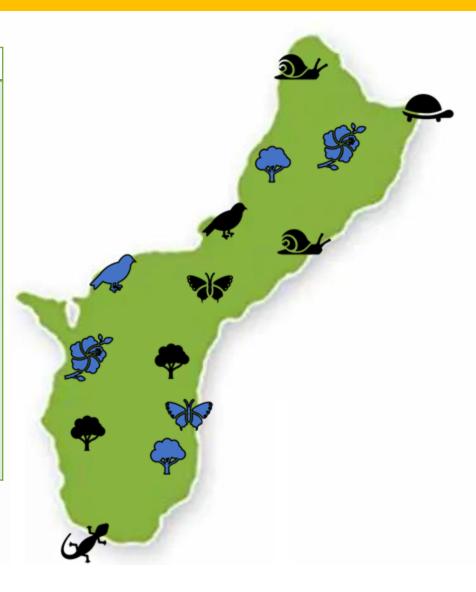
17 covered species

Conservation strategy covers all 17 species

Conservation must be permanent because impacts are permanent

## **Benefits of the Guam HCP**

- C	5 C 5 I	5 6 5
Benefits to Landowners	Benefits to Developers	Benefits to Environment
<ul> <li>Streamlines local and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Streamlined local and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Protection of covered</li> </ul>
federal permit process	federal permitting process	species and their habitats
<ul> <li>Improves predictability of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improves predictability of</li> </ul>	in perpetuity
the permit process	the permit process	■ HCP Reserve Network
<ul> <li>No need for individual ITP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Less costly more efficient</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comprehensive approach</li> </ul>
from USFWS	process to receive ESA	to land conservation
<ul> <li>Provides certainty in</li> </ul>	permits	<ul> <li>Protect listed plant species</li> </ul>
timeline and mitigation	<ul> <li>ESA permit applications</li> </ul>	
costs	occur in tandem with other	
<ul> <li>Creates market for fee title</li> </ul>	building, clearing, &	
or conservation easement	grading permits through	
	DPW	



# **Conservation Strategy**



# **Zooming in on Mitigation: Conservation**

- Reserve Network Protection
- Reserve Network Management
- Other Plan-Area Wide Actions
- Conservation must stay ahead of impacts
  - Land acquisition
  - Impacts are offset at different mitigation ratios, depending on value to the covered species





## **Guam HCP Reserve Network**

Occupied habitat with covered species + Non-occupied suitable habitat for





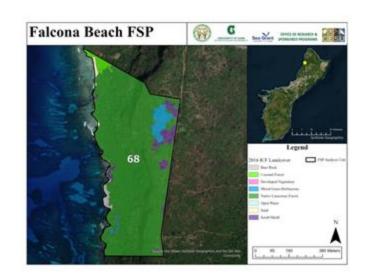
covered species



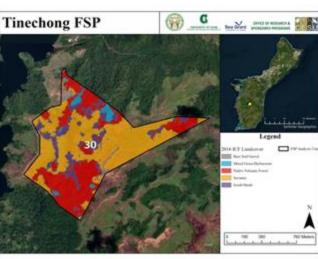
## **Guam HCP Reserve Network**

- Forest System Plan (identified parcels)
- Sentinel Landscape (conservation easements, old bullock cart trails)
  - These parcels can connect FSP parcels, or make them accessible
- Willing sellers
- Donations

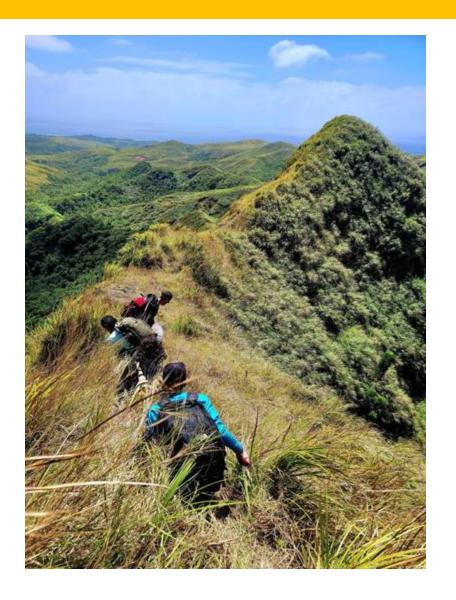
Methods: Surveys of FSP







# Accessibility



- Protect and conserve:
  - Endemic species and their habitats
  - Cultural heritage: healers can collect åmot
- Hiking on designated trails
- Do not disturb wildlife



PC: Scott Vogt



# **Updated Permitting Process for receiving Take Coverage**

## PROPOSED PROCESS

**Applicant Submits Application** for HCP Coverage to DOAG

#### **Screening Criteria**

- The project must be:
- ( In the permit area
- Proposed by an applicant that qualifies for take coverage
- A covered activity

#### **DOAG inspects:**

- Effects on key land cover types
- · Effects on covered species habitat
- Proximity to no-take species
- · Concurrence with HCP maps

#### ADDITIONAL EFFECTS

- · DOAG determines surveys (depending on location, proposed projects may require surveys for no-take species, covered snails, and covered plants)
- Applicant pays for surveys (via qualified biologist) and submits survey results to DOAG
- DOAG determines conditions on covered activities
- · DOAG determines fees, which are greater in key land cover types and covered species habitat
- Applicant must pay the assigned fees

#### NO ADDITIONAL EFFECTS OR

- Applicant modifies the project to avoid such impacts:
- DOAG assigns general conditions on covered activities
- DOAG determines fees
- Applicant must pay the assigned

DOAG signs application. With permit conditions, application is submitted to DPW for final approval.

DOAG must ensure that there is sufficient area conserved in the HCP Reserve Network to offset the impacts of each proposed project and stay ahead of total impacts covered by the HCP.

# How can you be involved with Guam HCP development?

- Participate in the stakeholder groups
- Engage in the conversation
- Involve other members of the community

Support the HCP Reserve Network to protect land in perpetuity



PC: Vince Fabian

# **Progress and Next Steps**

- Started engagement with Steering Committee and stakeholder groups in 2021; public Meeting in October 2023
- Public Information Fairs in August 2025 ask Else for details!
- Next milestones:
  - Preparation of the Revised Administrative Draft HCP
  - Public Draft HCP
  - O Public Draft National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) document





















